

OPERATING MANUAL

PMT50Ex

Progr. Universal-Transmitter

Signal conditioning

linearization

output characteristic

transformation



umn_pmt50ex_vs2.08_en



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1 Product description

1.1 Features

- Input intrinsically safe ATEX II (1) G [Ex ia] IIC/IIB
ATEX II (1) D [Ex iaD]
- for standard signals, resistance/poti or Pt100/Pt1000 and thermocouples J, K, N, S
- Measuring range programmable
- Installed units:
- mV, V, mA, A, Ω , k Ω , μ S/cm, mS/cm, °C, °F, min-1, rpm, bar, mbar, hPa, mm, cm, m, %, °, l, l/min, m³, m³/h, ppm and custom units programmable
- Transmitter supply 16 V DC, max. 20 mA
- Linearization or transformation of output characteristic via 32 base-points programmable
- Basic accuracy <0.2 %
- Teach-In and simulator function
- Fault monitoring for break of wire and short-circuit in the measuring circuit
- Programmable fault function: Analog output min. or max. overflow Alarm outputs min. or max. function
- Analog output 0/4 ... 20 mA; 0/2 ... 10 V DC
- 2 alarm outputs (relay SPDT)
- Full 3-port isolation

1.2 General


The programmable measurement transmitter PMT50Ex operates with analog input signals direct out of the endangered area. The device convert input signals to analog output 0/4 ... 20 mA; 0/2 ... 10 V DC. Optional a serial interface is available. According to the model version, temperature probes or potis situated in the explosive area are connected to the device direct or an intrinsic safe transmitter supply allows feeding of 2-wire transmitters. The device offers a linearization function for any sensor curves and a simulator function. 2 alarm outputs for monitoring are available.

1.3 Short information

Programming	The device is programmed by frontal buttons, in connection with the LCD display.
Alarm outputs	The alarm outputs can be programmed as max. or min. function. Switch-on delay and switch-off delay time is programmable from 1 s up to 9 h. The switching status is displayed through LED's.
Teach-In Funktion	The input signals for start- and end value or the values of the characteristic curve will be stored automatically. Only the corresponding display values have to be entered manually.
Fault function	A fault in the measuring circuit could be monitored (break of wire/short-circuit). The switching function of the analog and alarm output(s) is programmable in case of an fault.

2 Technical data

Power supply	
Supply voltage	230 V AC $\pm 10\%$, 115 V AC $\pm 10\%$, or 24 V DC $\pm 15\%$ Um 253 V AC or 125 V DC (Terminals 11 and 13)
Power consumption	< 5 VA
Operating temperature	-10 ... +55 °C (14 ... 131 °F)
Rated voltage	250 V AC between input/relay output/analog output/supply voltage degree of pollution 2, overvoltage category III
Test voltage	4 kV DC between input/relay output/analog output/supply voltage
Conformity	CE

Explosion protection					
Certification	 II (1) G [Ex ia] IIC/IIB bzw. II (1) D [Ex iaD]				
Approval	TÜV 08 ATEX 554329				
Inputs Model 1					
Input	0/2 ... 10 V DC, 0/4 ... 20 mA				
Fault detection	Break of wire				
Input resistance	Current input 10 Ω , voltage input 10 k Ω (Terminals 45, 46, 47)				
Basic accuracy	<0.1 %, ± 1 Digit				
Temperature coefficient	0.01 %/K				
Max. voltage (no load) U_0	18.9 V				
Max. short circuit current I_0	92,5 mA				
Max. power consumption P_0	580 mW				
Resistance R	272 Ω				
Characteristic curve	trapezoidal				
Internal inductivity	4 μ H				
Internal capacity	1.2 nF				
Transmitter supply	approx. 16 V DC, max. 20 mA (Terminal 48)				
Explosion protection	Ex	ia/IIC	oder	ia/IIC	ia/IIB
Maxim. external inductivity		2.3 mH		0.1 mH	5 mH
Maxim. external capacity		0.12 μ F		0.22 μ F	0.76 μ F
At connection of externally supplied active and intrinsically safe circuits the rules for the interconnection to intrinsically safe circuits have to be observed.					
Max. values	U_i		30 V		
	I_i		52 mA		
	P_i		980 mW		

Model 2			
Input	Resistance 0 ... 20 k Ω (Terminals 35, 36, 37, 38;)		
Fault detection	Break of wire		
Basic accuracy	<0.2 %, ± 1 Digit		
Temperature coefficient	0.01 %/K		
Max. voltage (no load) U_0	1.4 V		
Max. short circuit current I_0	2.5 mA		
Max. power consumption P_0	3 mW		
Resistance R	5600 Ω		
Characteristic curve	trapezoidal		
Internal inductivity	4 μ H		
Internal capacity	135 nF		
Explosion protection	Ex	ia/IIC	ia/IIB
Maxim. external inductivity		100 mH	100 mH
Maxim. external capacity		25 μ F	120 μ F
Input	Potentiometer 1 ... 100 k Ω (Terminals 45, 47, 48)		
Basic accuracy	<0.2 %, ± 1 Digit		
Temperature coefficient	0.01 %/K		
Max. voltage (no load) U_0	9.6 V		
Max. short circuit current I_0	56 mA		
Max. power consumption P_0	200 mW		
Resistance R	259 Ω		
Characteristic curve	trapezoidal		
Internal inductivity	4 μ H		
Internal capacity	negligible		
Explosion protection	Ex	ia/IIC	ia/IIB
Maxim. external inductivity		5 mH	20 mH
Maxim. external capacity		0.48 μ F	2 μ F

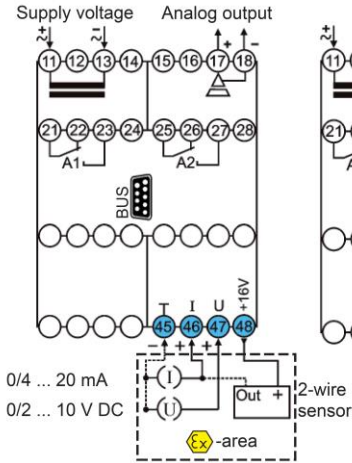
Model 3			
Input	Pt100 (3-wire) -100.0 ... 600.0 °C / -100 ... 600 °C Pt1000 (3-wire) -100.0 ... 300.0 °C / -100 ... 300°C Thermocouples (TC) Type J -100.0 ... 800.0 °C / -100 ... 800 °C Type K -150 ... 1200 °C Type N -150 ... 1200 °C Type S -50 ... 1600 °C (Terminals 35, 36, 37; 45, 47)		
Fault detection	Break of wire (Pt100/1000,TC) or short-circuit (only Pt100/1000)		
Basic accuracy	<0.1 %, ±1 Digit		
Temperature coefficient	0.01 %/K		
Max. voltage (no load) U₀	1.4 V		
Max. short circuit current I₀	2.5 mA		
Max. power consumption P₀	3 mW		
Resistance R	5600 Ω		
Characteristic curve	trapezoidal		
Internal inductivity	4 μH		
Internal capacity	135 nF		
Explosion protection	Ex	ia/IIC	ia/IIB
Maxim. external inductivity		100 mH	100 mH
Maxim. external capacity		25 μF	120 μF
Outputs			
Alarm outputs A1, A2	Relay SPDT < 250 V AC < 250 VA < 2 A cosϕ: 0.3, < 300 V DC < 40 W < 2 A (Terminals 21, 22, 23; 25, 26, 27)		
Analog output	0/4 ... 20 mA burden: 500 Ω; 0/2 10 V burden >500 Ω, galv. isolated, output changes automatically (burden impedance dependent)		
Accuracy	0.2 %; TK 0.01 %/K		
For connection at electrical equipment with supply voltage of max. 230V (Terminals 17 and 18)			

Fault function	For break of wire or short-circuit detection -belongs to the model- → Analog output 0 mA, < 3.6 mA or > 21.5 mA programmable → Alarm output(s) min. or max. function programmable
Display	Graphic LCD-Display 128x64 pixels, white background illuminated
Case	Polyamide (PA) 6.6 , UL94V-0 - DIN rail mounting TS 35
Weight	Approx. 450 g
Connection	Screw terminals 0.14 2.5 mm ² (AWG 26 .. 14)
Protection	Case IP30, terminals IP20, German BGV A3

3 Connection diagram

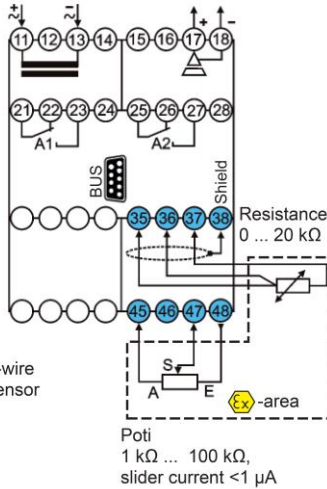
Model PMT50Ex-1

Standard signals



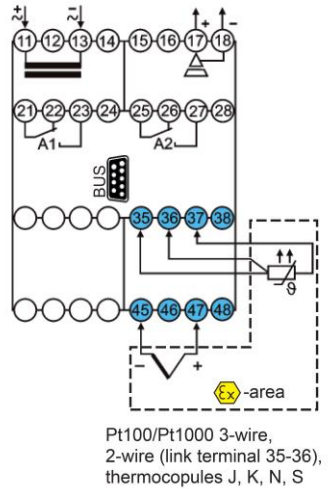
Model PMT50Ex-2

Resistance; potentiometer

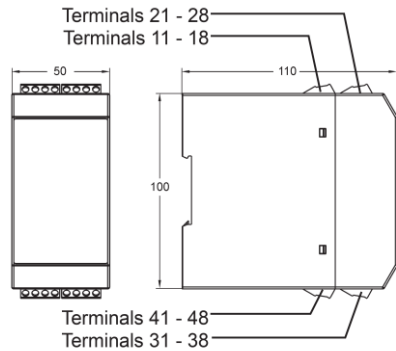


Model PMT50Ex-3

Pt100, Pt1000; thermocouple

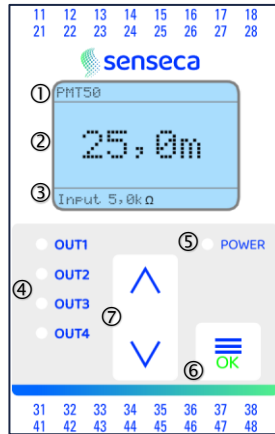



Dimensions





4 Control and indicators



- ① Device name
- ② Measured value
- ③ Input signal
- ④ Alarm output A1...A4
(A3 and A4 not available)
- ⑤ Power-ON LED
- ⑥ Parameter button
- ⑦ Up/down buttons





The operation of the device is implemented in 2 levels. The required parameter is called up with the button .



The selection within a parameter and the setting-adjustment of a value is implemented with the buttons  and .

Button combinations (press buttons simultaneously):

 +  1 Parameter back

 +  Parameter is set to "0" or minimum value.

After the switching on the supply voltage, the device initializes itself. In the display the message indicating device type and software version is shown. After the initialization, the device is running in the working level. The peak value storage is called up and the setpoints of the alarm outputs can be programmed.

The configuration level is called up by activation of the button  for 2 seconds. In this case, all parameters which determine the properties of the device are programmed. After the last menu item, or if no button is pressed for longer than 2 minutes, a skip-back into the working level is implemented automatically and the current measured value is indicated in the display. The configuration level can be exited at any time by holding down button  for 2 seconds.

Error reports

In case of occurring faults, the messages are shown on the display in plain text. This simplifies the location of the error. See explanation page 23.

Operational startup reference

The device is preset with an ex-works default setting. Therefore, it must be adapted to each special application. See Page 16.

Danger! Requirements

It is necessary to keep the conditions of the ATEX EU-Type Examination Certificate.

The device must be installed in dry and good monitored rooms.

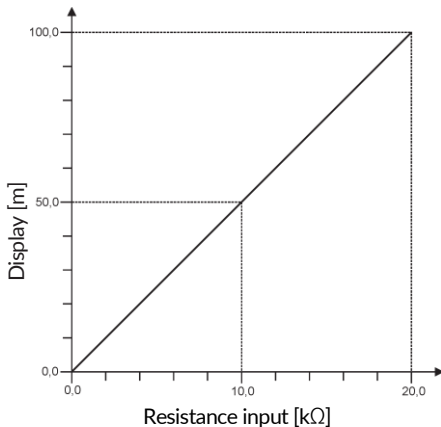
If the intrinsic safety input is connected to the dust endangered area of zone 20 or 21, it has to be ensured that the corresponding devices in this circuit have the requirements of category 1D or 2D.

Repairing and design modifications are only allowed at works.

5 Explanations for characteristic curve programming

5.1 Linear curve (see page 18)

The linear curve needs only one value pair for start- and end value. At this every input value, the corresponding display value has to be assigned. See example:



Example:

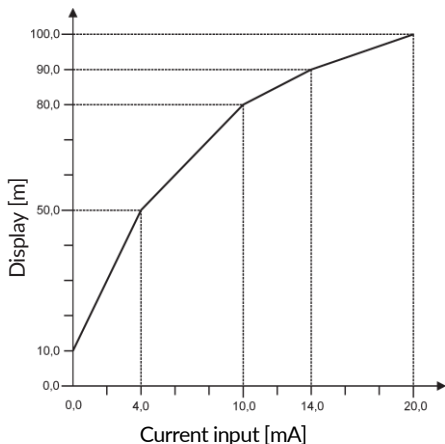
Input	Resistance
Start value	0,0 kΩ
End value	20,0 kΩ

Display	Height [m]
Start value	0,0 m
End value	100,0 m

In this example, 4 values for input and display range are needed. Every interim value belongs to the curve. Example: an input value of 10.0 kΩ is leading to the display value of 50.0 m.


5.2 Nonlinear curve (see page 19)

The nonlinear curve can have max. 32 value pairs for input and output to emulate the curve. At this, for every input value a display value can be programmed. Every interim value belongs to the curve.



Example: curve with 5 basepoints

Input	0 ... 20 mA	
Display	0,0 ... 100,0 m	
Basepoint	Input value	Display value
1	0.0 mA	10.0 m
2	4.0 mA	50.0 m
3	10.0 mA	80.0 m
4	14.0 mA	90.0 m
5	20.0 mA	100.0 m

The curve above shows clearly the classification between input signal and display value. This example has 5 value pairs. For every input value the corresponding display value has to be programmed. The procedure is finished, if the button  is pressed after the last basepoint programming and OFF is selected in the following parameter.

At the teaching programming not manually programming of the input values is necessary. At this, for the measure red input values the actual values will be taken over. This method is ideal if the input signal is unknown, but the corresponding display value is known (capacity gauging of tanks).

Note on the representation

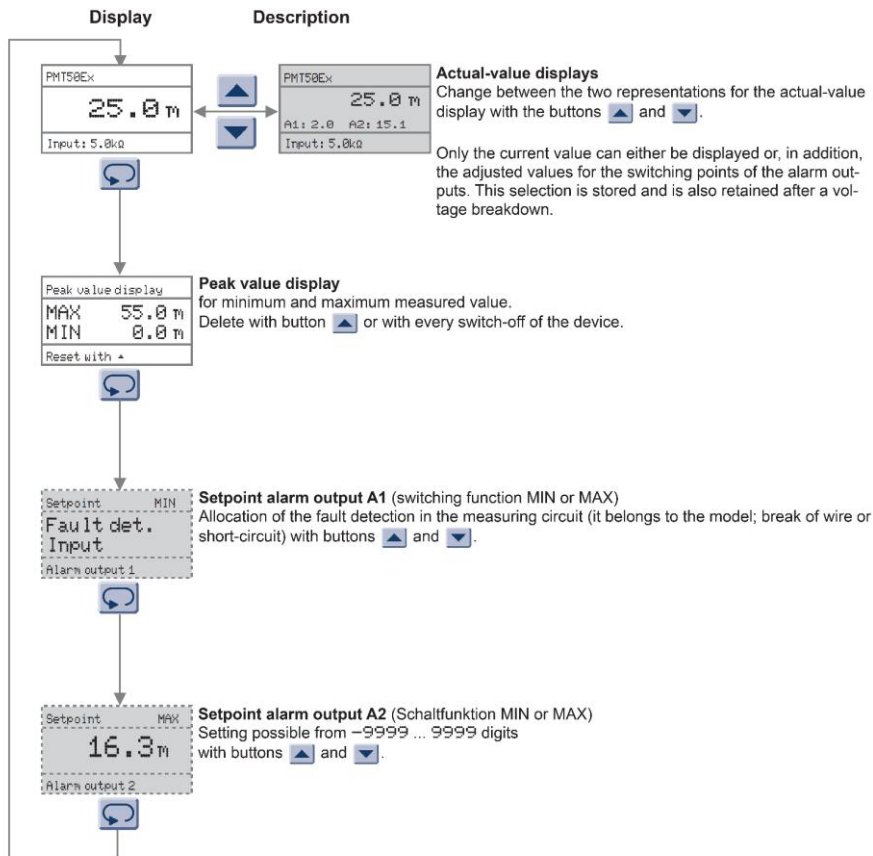


Parameter appears only with corresponding configuration

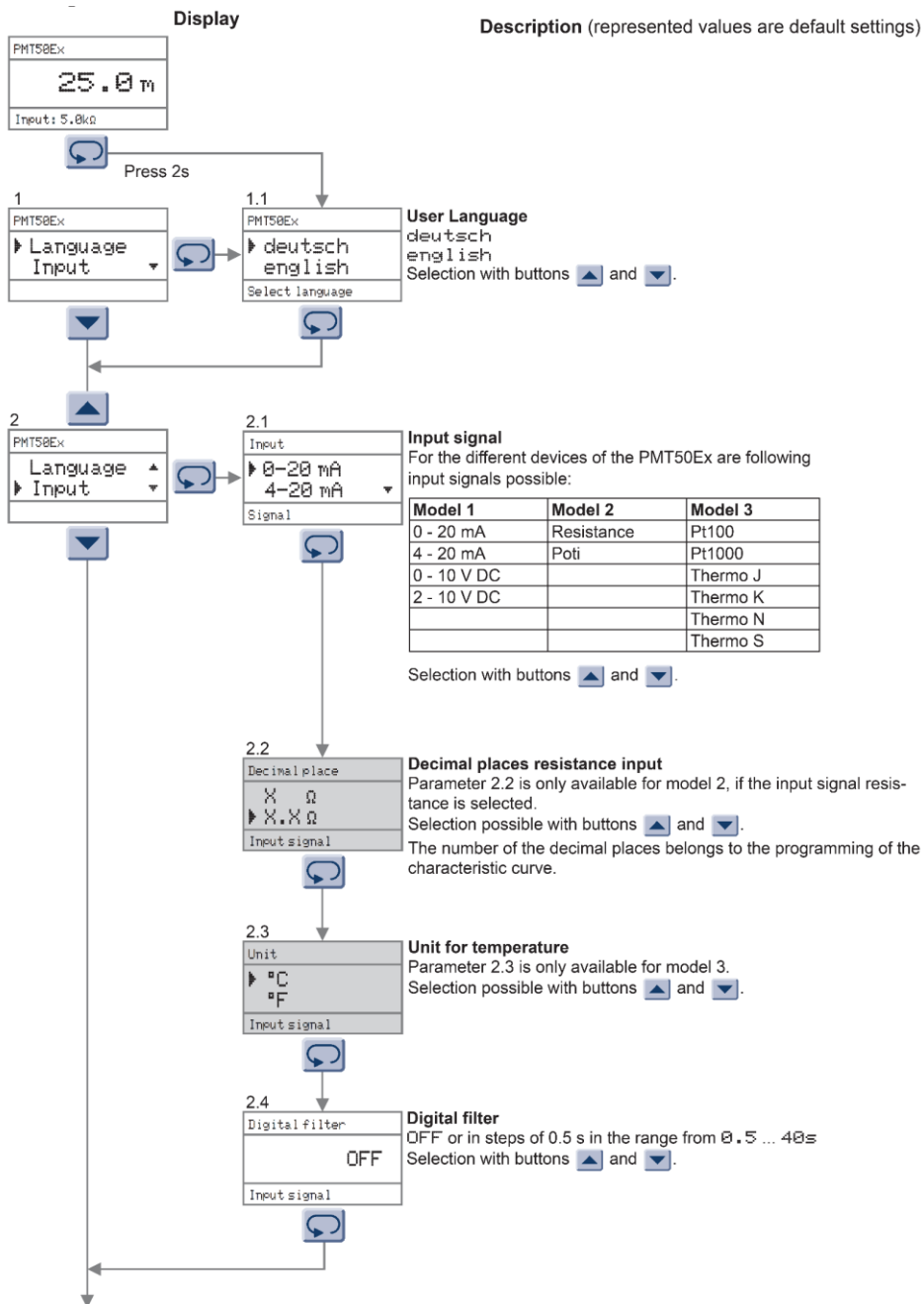


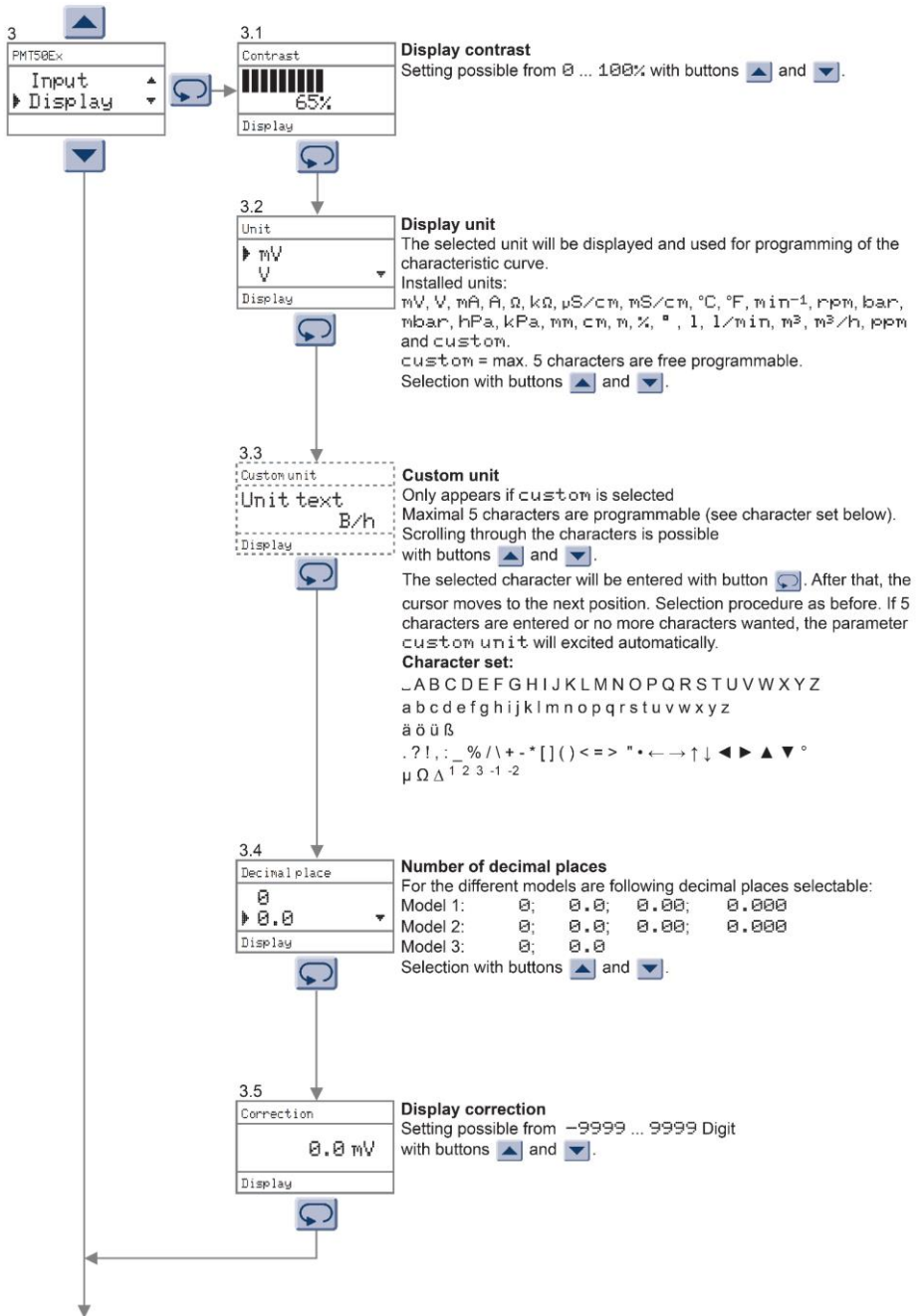
Parameter appears only with corresponding equipment version

6 Working level

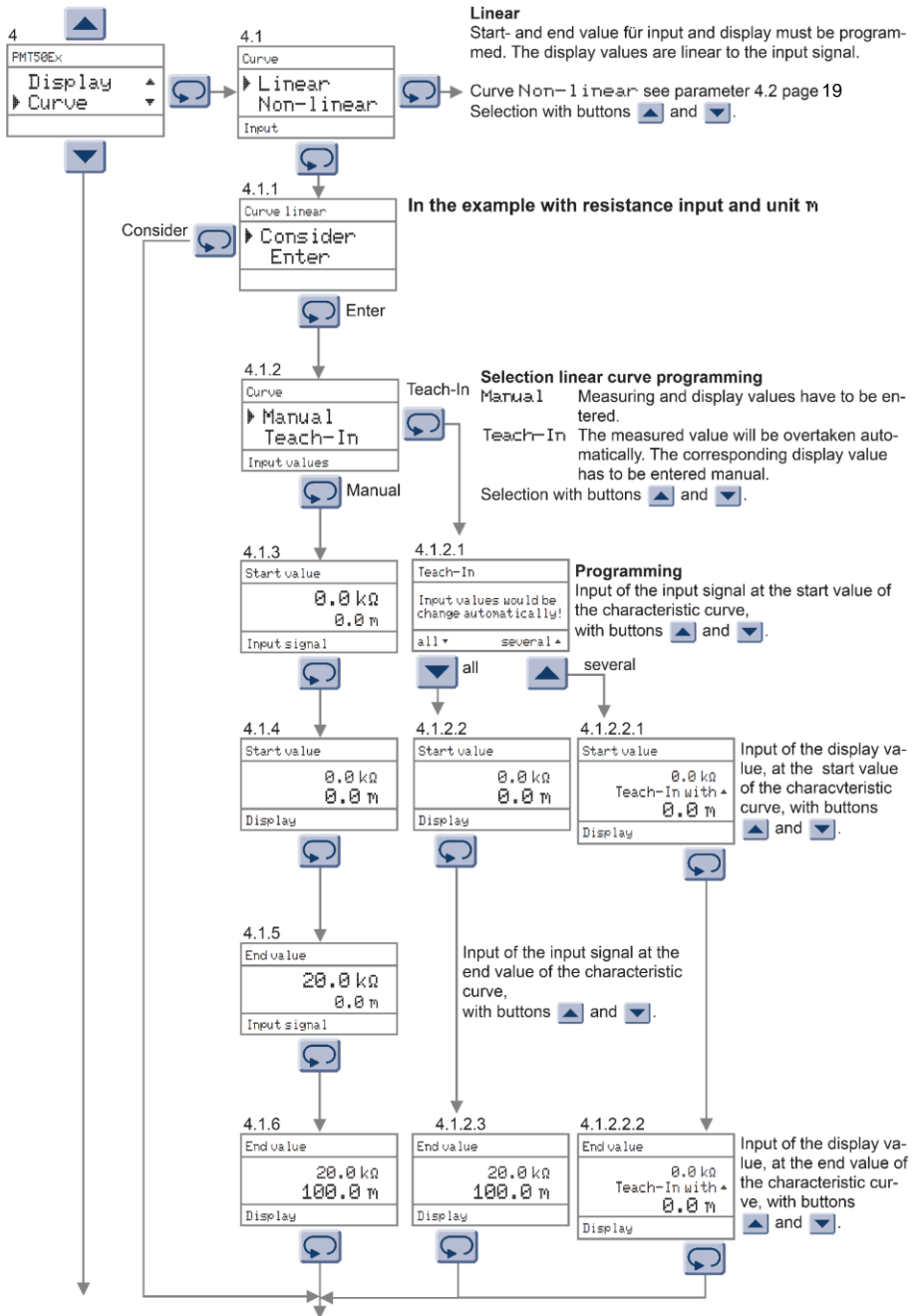


7 Configuration level



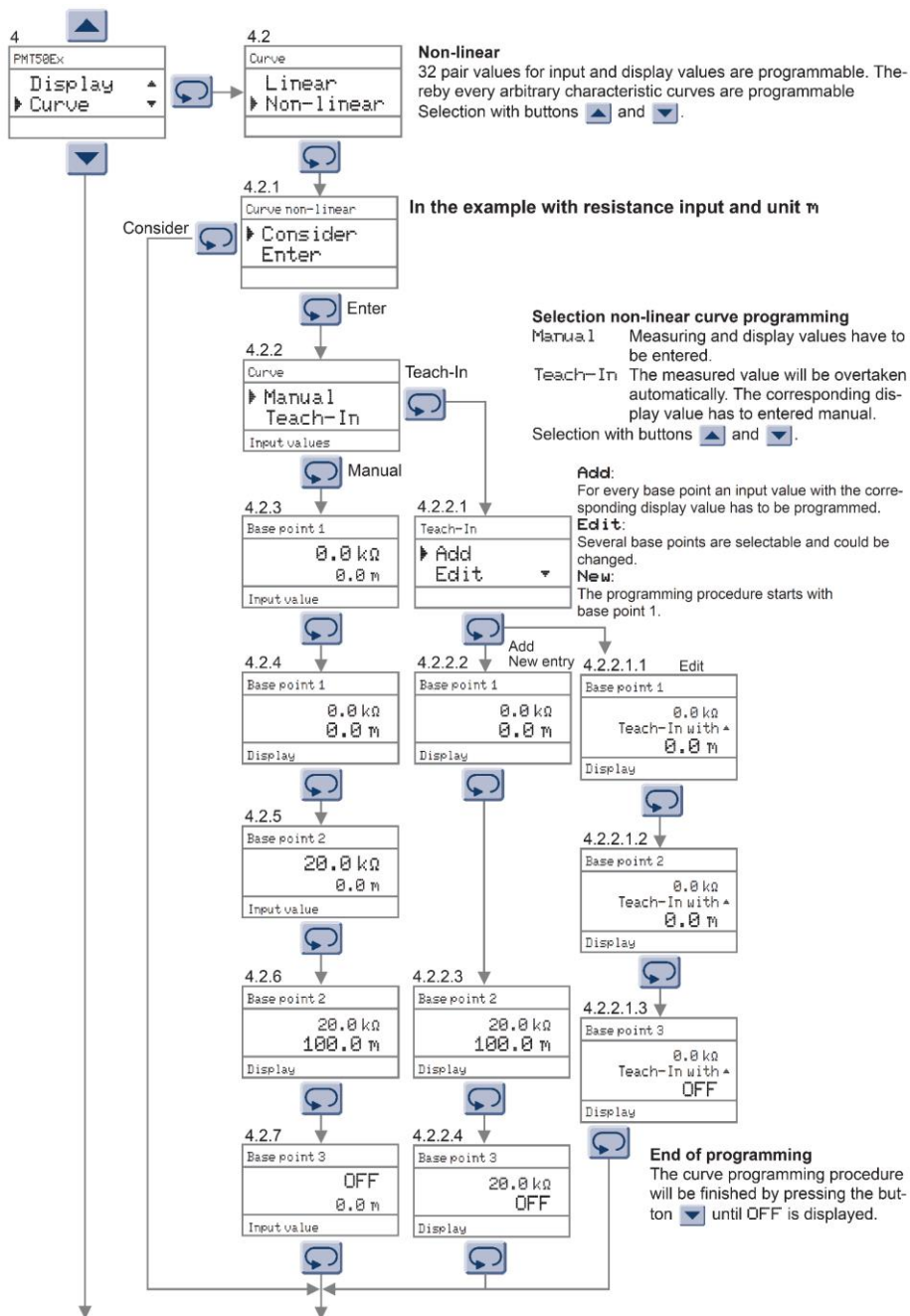


Continue page 18



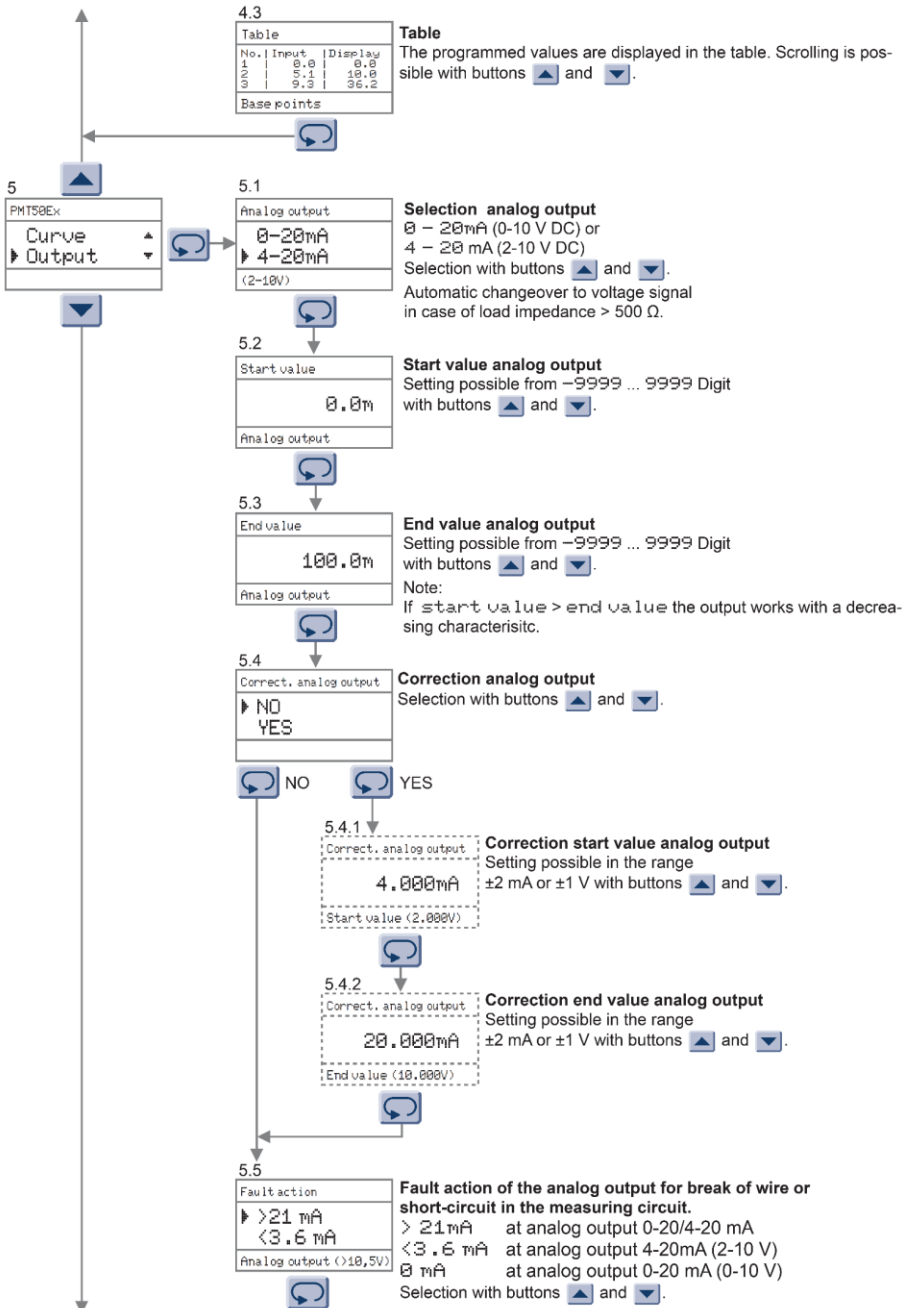
Continue page 20

Continue parameter 4.3, page 20



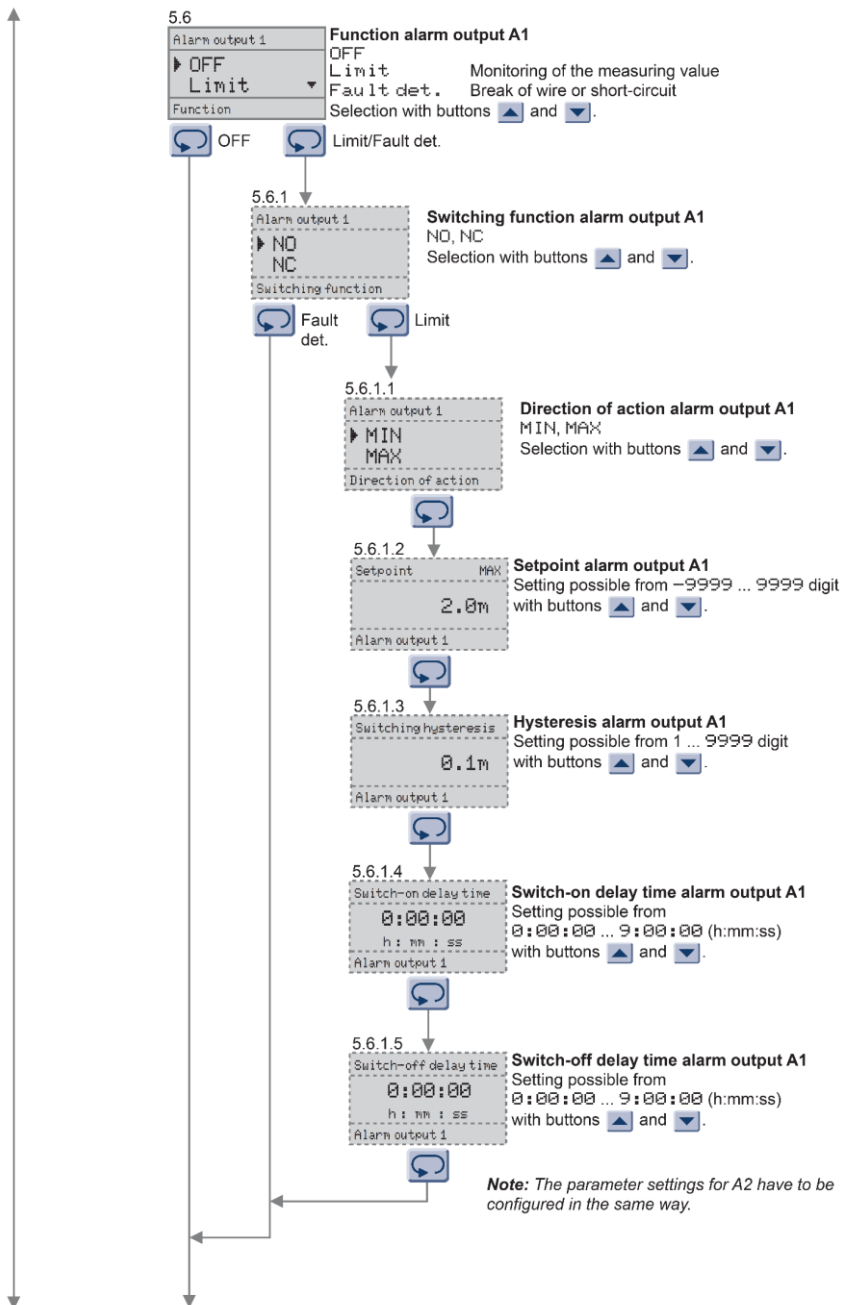
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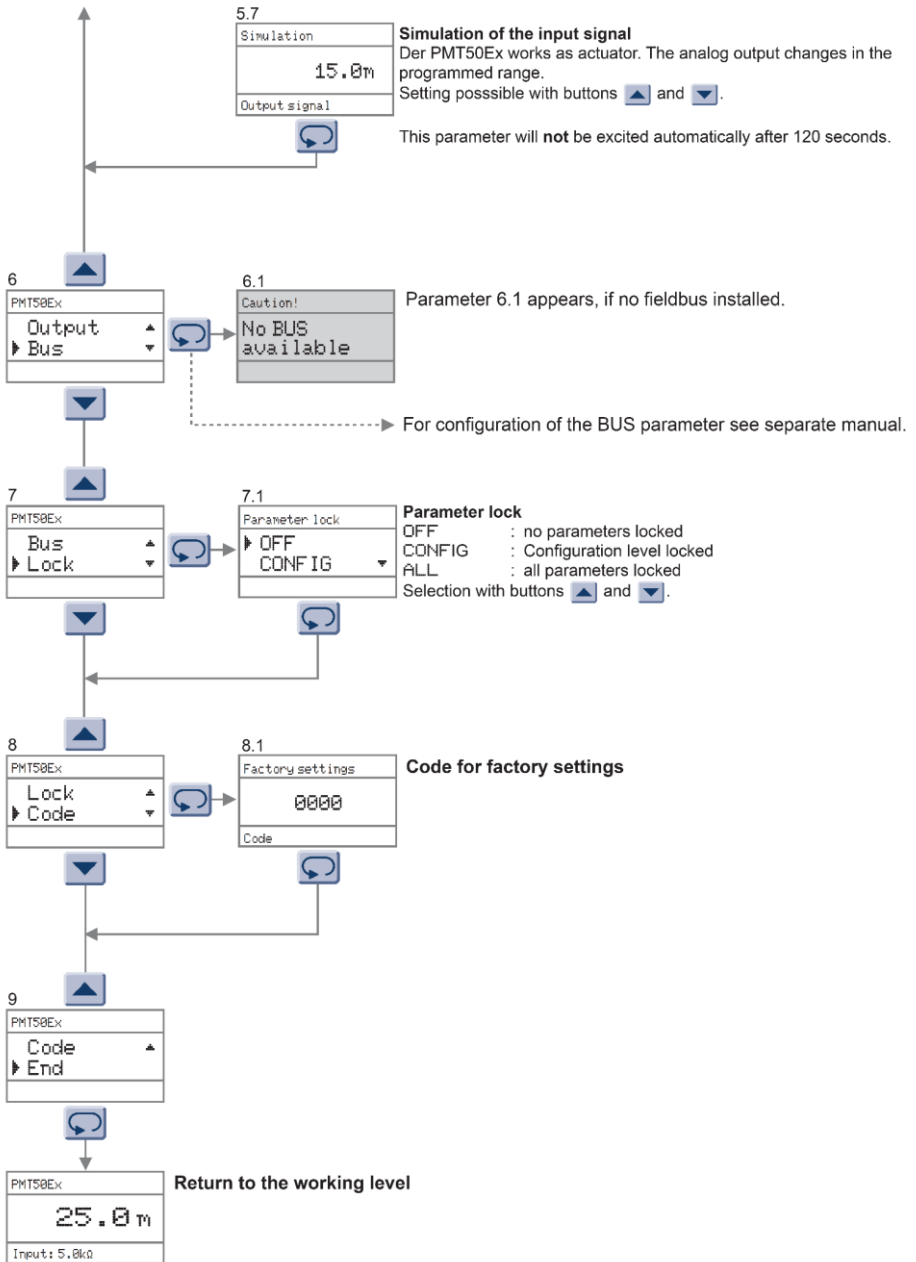
Continue parameter 4.3, page 20



Continue page 22

Continue parameter 5.6, page 21





8 Error reports

Error reports

Description

Caution!
Parameter locked
switched on

Caution!
Undervoltage

Supply voltage to low

Caution!
XX Parameter error
Please check

At the check-up of the parameter memory, XX errors are detected. The incorrect parameter are reset to the factory settings. Please check and correct parameters if necessary.

Caution!
XX Parameter error
Calibration necessary

As before, but the factory settings are incorrect. The device must be checked at works.

Change of decimals?
Some parameters not representable! Adapt parameters automatically?
▲ Yes ▼ No

Change of decimal places

While changing number of decimal places, some parameters can be converted, but however, not represented!

Selection "No" : Change of the decimal places is not carried out.

Selection "Yes" : Decimal places are changed automatically, where the affected parameters are set to the maximum possible value. A subsequent verification of the accepted parameters is absolutely necessary.

Caution!
Input value would be assigned before. Please change input value!

At the base-point programming the input value is assigned to an display value before.

PMT50Ex
Fault input
Input: 999.9kΩ

Break of wire or short-circuit in the measuring circuit.

Text Input: 999.9kΩ is flashing

9 Ordering code

PMT50Ex 1. - 2. - 3. - 4. - 5. - 6.

1. Modell/Imput			
1	Standard signals 0/4 ... 20 mA; 0/2 ... 10 V DC		
2	Resistance from 0 ... 20 k Ω , Poti 1 k Ω ... 100 k Ω		
3	Pt100	3-wire	-100,0 ... 600,0 °C/-100 ... 600 °C
	Pt1000	3-wire	-100,0 ... 300,0 °C/-100 ... 300 °C
	Thermocouple	J (Fe-CuNi)	-100,0 ... 800,0 °C/-100 ... 800 °C
		K (NiCr-Ni)	-150 ... 1200 °C
		N (NiCrSi-NiSi)	-150 ... 1200 °C
		S (Pt10Rh-Pt)	-50 ... 1600 °C
	Inputs intrinsically safe	ATEX II (1) G [Ex ia] IIC/IIB ATEX II (1) D [Ex iaD]	
2. Analog output			
AO	0/4 ... 20 mA; 0/2 ... 10 V DC, isolated		
3. Alarm outputs			
00	not installed		
2R	2 relay outputs A1, A2 SPDT		
4. BUS configuration			
00	not installed		
MB	Modbus RTU/ASCII RS485		
PB	Profibus DP		
5. Supply voltage			
0	230 V AC	$\pm 10 \%$	50-60 Hz
1	115 V AC	$\pm 10 \%$	50-60 Hz
5	24 V DC	$\pm 15 \%$	
6.Option			
00	without option		

Custom configuration on request!

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Senseca Germany GmbH

Tenter Weg 2-8

42897 Remscheid

GERMANY

INFO@SENSECA.COM

WEEE REG. NO. DE 93889386

