

OPERATING MANUAL

PMT50

Progr. Universal-Transmitter

Signal conditioning

linearization

output characteristic

transformation



umn_fam_pmt50_vs2.08_en



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1 Product description

1.1 Features

- for standard signals, resistance/poti or Pt100/Pt1000 and thermocouples J, K, N, S
- Measuring range programmable
- Installed units:
 - mV, V, mA, A, Ω , k Ω , μ S/cm, mS/cm, °C, °F, min⁻¹, rpm, bar, mbar, hPa, mm, cm, m, %, °, l, l/min, m³, m³/h, ppm and custom units programmable
- Transmitter supply 16 V DC, max. 20 mA
- Linearization or transformation of output characteristic via 32 base-points programmable
- Basic accuracy <0.2 %
- Teach-In and simulator function
- Fault monitoring for break of wire and short-circuit in the measuring circuit
- Programmable fault function: Analog output min. or max. overflow Alarm outputs min. or max. function
- Analog output 0/4 ... 20 mA; 0/2 ... 10 V DC
- 4 alarm outputs (relay SPDT)
- Full 3-port isolation

1.2 General

The programmable measurement transmitter PMT50 operates with analog input signals direct out of the endangered area. The device convert input signals to analog output 0/4 ... 20 mA; 0/2 ... 10 V DC. According to the model version, temperature probes or potis situated in the explosive area are connected to the device direct or an intrinsic safe transmitter supply allows feeding of 2-wire transmitters. The device offers a linearization function for any sensor curves and a simulator function. 4 alarm outputs for monitoring are available.

1.3 Short information

Programming	The device is programmed by frontal buttons, in connection with the LCD display.
Alarm outputs	The alarm outputs can be programmed as max. or min. function. Switch-on delay and switch-off delay time is programmable from 1 s up to 9 h. The switching status is displayed through LED's.
Teach-In Funktion	The input signals for start- and end value or the values of the characteristic curve will be stored automatically. Only the corresponding display values have to be entered manually.
Fault function	A fault in the measuring circuit could be monitored (break of wire/short-circuit). The switching function of the analog and alarm output(s) is programmable in case of an fault.

2 Technical data

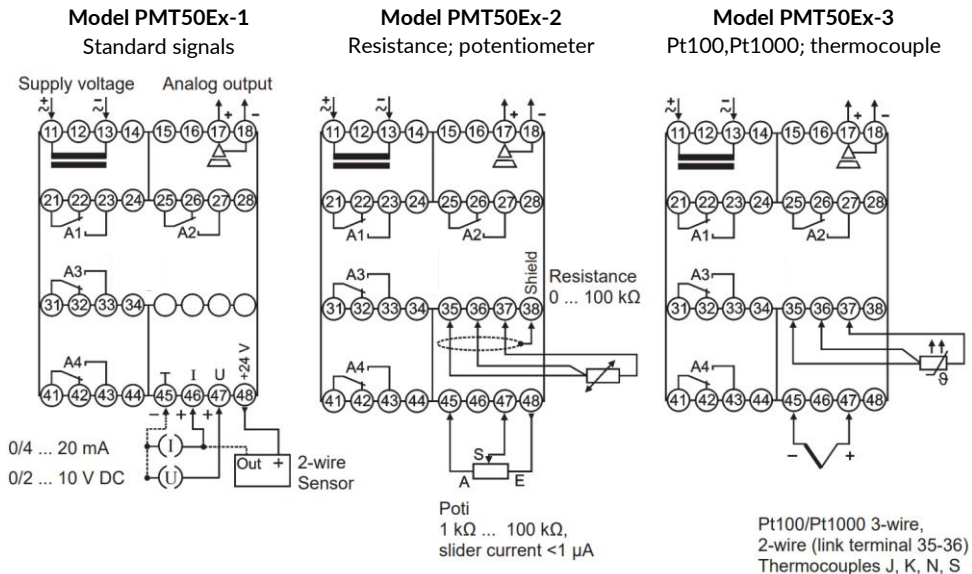
Power supply	
Supply voltage	230 V AC ± 10 %, 115 V AC ± 10 %, or 24 V DC ± 15 %
Power consumption	< 5 VA
Operating temperature	-10 ... +55 °C (14 ... 131 °F)
Rated voltage	250 V AC between input/relay output/analog output/supply voltage degree of pollution 2, overvoltage category III
Test voltage	4 kV DC between input/relay output/analog output/supply voltage
Conformity	CE

Inputs Model 1	
Input	0/2 ... 10 V DC, 0/4 ... 20 mA
Fault detection	Break of wire
Input resistance	Current input 10 Ω , voltage input 10 k Ω (Terminals 45, 46, 47)
Basic accuracy	<0.1 %, ± 1 Digit
Temperature coefficient	0.01 %/K
Transmitter supply	approx. 16 V DC, max. 30 mA

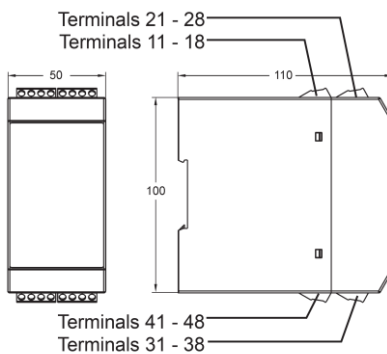
Model 2	
Input	Resistance 0 ... 100 k Ω (Terminals 35, 36, 37, 38;)
Fault detection	Break of wire
Basic accuracy	<0.2 %, ± 1 Digit
Temperature coefficient	0.01 %/K
Input	Potentiometer 1 ... 100 k Ω (Terminals 45, 47, 48)
Basic accuracy	<0.2 %, ± 1 Digit
Temperature coefficient	0.01 %/K

Model 3	
Input	Pt100 (3-wire) -100.0 ... 600.0 °C / -100 ... 600 °C Pt1000 (3-wire) -100.0 ... 300.0 °C / -100 ... 300°C Thermocouples (TC) Type J -100.0 ... 800.0 °C / -100 ... 800 °C Type K -150 ... 1200 °C Type N -150 ... 1200 °C Type S -50 ... 1600 °C (Terminals 35, 36, 37; 45, 47)
Fault detection	Break of wire (Pt100/1000,TC) or short-circuit (only Pt100/1000)
Basic accuracy	<0.1 %, ±1 Digit
Temperature coefficient	0.01 %/K
Outputs	
Alarm outputs A1- A4	Relay SPDT < 250 V AC < 250 VA < 2 A cosϕ. 2: 0.3, < 300 V DC < 40 W < 2 A (Terminals 21, 22, 23; 25, 26, 27)
Analog output	0/4 ... 20 mA burden: 500 Ω; 0/2 10 V burden >500 Ω, galv. isolated, output changes automatically (burden impedance dependent)
Accuracy	0.2 %; TK 0.01 %/K
For connection at electrical equipment with supply voltage of max. 230V (Terminals 17 and 18)	
Fault function	For break of wire or short-circuit detection -belongs to the model- → Analog output 0 mA, < 3.6 mA or > 21.5 mA programmable → Alarm output(s) min. or max. function programmable
Display	Graphic LCD-Display 128x64 pixels, white background illuminated
Case	Polyamide (PA) 6.6 , UL94V-0 - DIN rail mounting TS 35
Weight	Approx. 450 g
Connection	Screw terminals 0.14 2.5 mm ² (AWG 26 .. 14)
Protection	Case IP30, terminals IP20, German BGV A3

3 Connection diagram

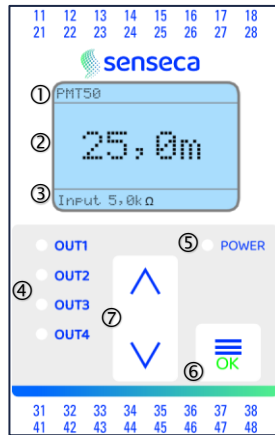



Dimensions





4 Control and indicators





- ① Device name
- ② Measured value
- ③ Input signal
- ④ Alarm output A1...A4
- ⑤ Power-ON LED
- ⑥ Parameter button
- ⑦ Up/down buttons





The operation of the device is implemented in 2 levels. The required parameter is called up with the button .

The selection within a parameter and the setting-adjustment of a value is implemented with the buttons  and .

Button combinations (press buttons simultaneously):

-  +  1 Parameter back
-  +  Parameter is set to "0" or minimum value.

After the switching on the supply voltage, the device initializes itself. In the display the message indicating device type and software version is shown. After the initialization, the device is running in the working level. The peak value storage is called up and the setpoints of the alarm outputs can be programmed.

The configuration level is called up by activation of the button  for 2 seconds. In this case, all parameters which determine the properties of the device are programmed. After the last menu item, or if no button is pressed for longer than 2 minutes, a skip-back into the working level is implemented automatically and the current measured value is indicated in the display. The configuration level can be exited at any time by holding down button  for 2 seconds.

Error reports

In case of occurring faults, the messages are shown on the display in plain text. This simplifies the location of the error. See explanation page 23.

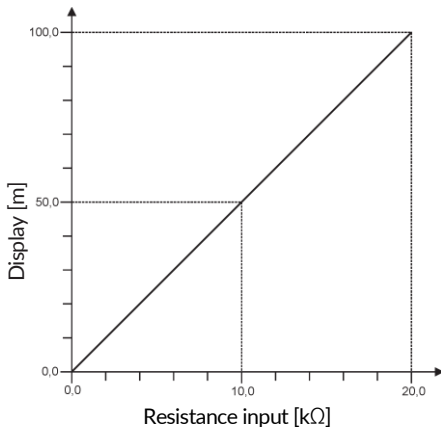
Operational startup reference

The device is preset with an ex-works default setting. Therefore, it must be adapted to each special application. See Page 16.

5 Explanations for characteristic curve programming

5.1 Linear curve (see page 14)

The linear curve needs only one value pair for start- and end value. At this every input value, the corresponding display value has to be assigned. See example:



Example:

Input	Resistance
Start value	0,0 kΩ
End value	20,0 kΩ

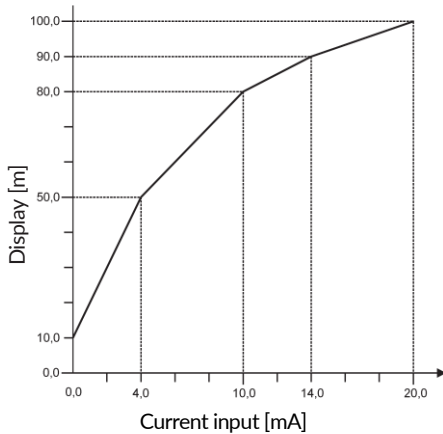
Display	Height [m]
Start value	0,0 m
End value	100,0 m

In this example, 4 values for input and display range are needed. Every interim value belongs to the curve. Example: an input value of 10.0 kΩ is leading to the display value of 50.0 m.


5. Note on the representation

TI Parameter appears only with corresponding configuration

A: Parameter appears only with corresponding equipment version

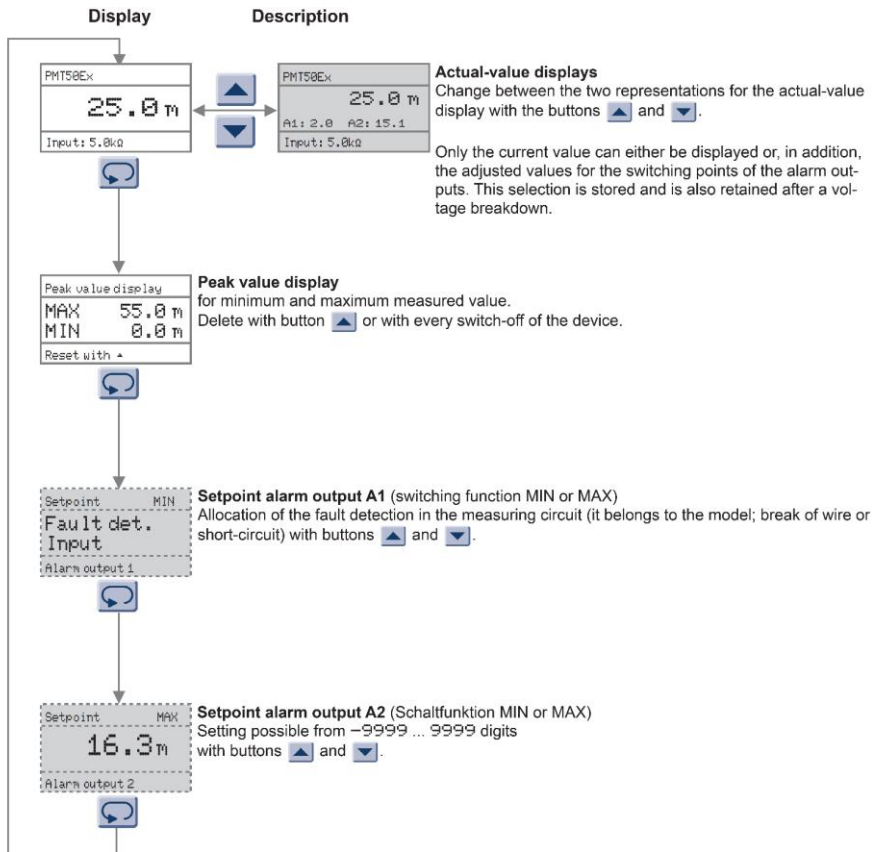


Input	0 ... 20 mA	
Display	0,0 ... 100,0 m	
Basepoint	Input value	Display value
1	0.0 mA	10.0 m
2	4.0 mA	50.0 m
3	10.0 mA	80.0 m
4	14.0 mA	90.0 m
5	20.0 mA	100.0 m

The curve above shows clearly the classification between input signal and display value. This example has 5 value pairs. For every input value the corresponding display value has to be programmed. The procedure is finished, if the button  is pressed after the last basepoint programming and OFF is selected in the following parameter.

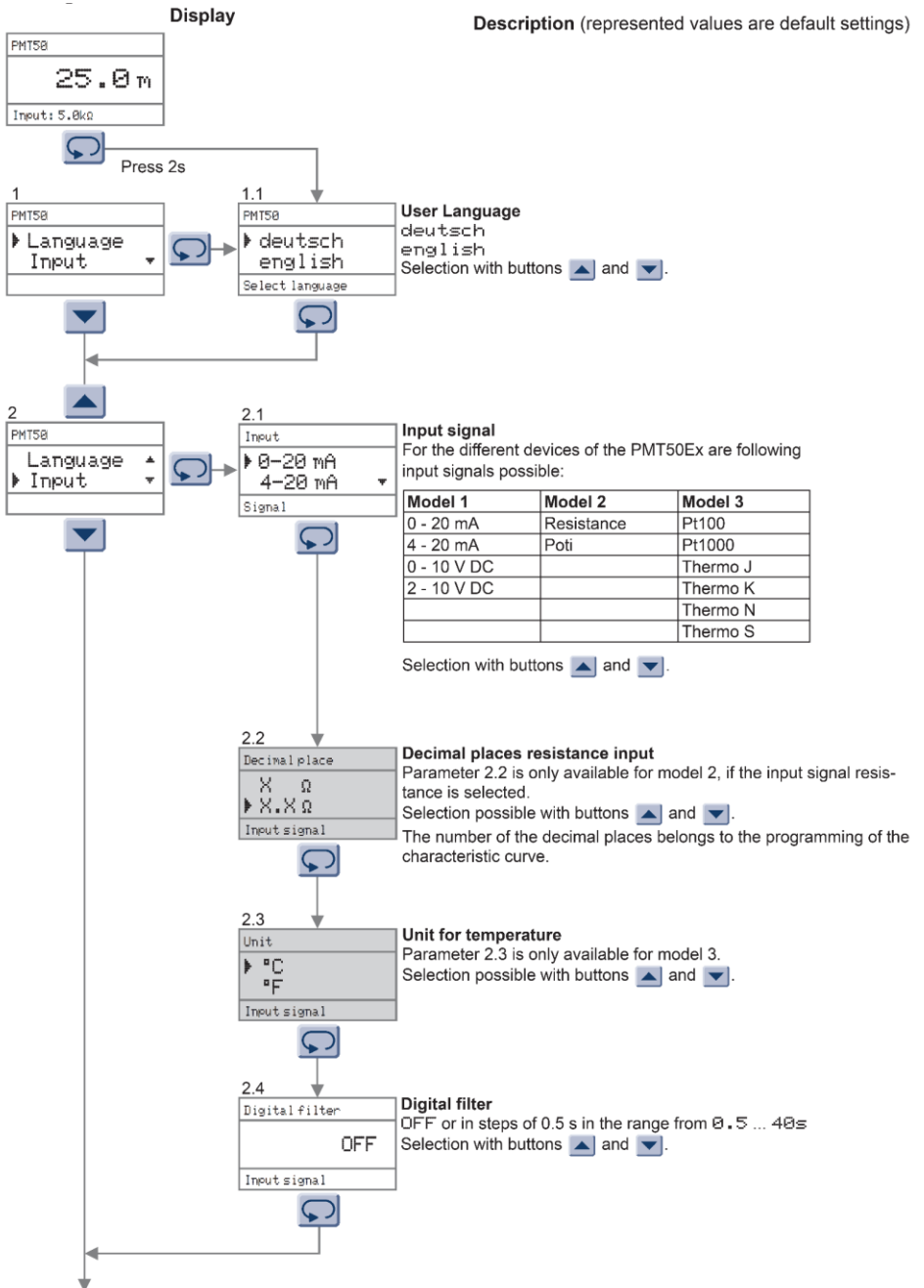
At the teaching programming not manually programming of the input values is necessary. At this, for the measure red input values the actual values will be taken over. This method is ideal if the input signal is unknown, but the corresponding display value is known (capacity gauging of tanks).

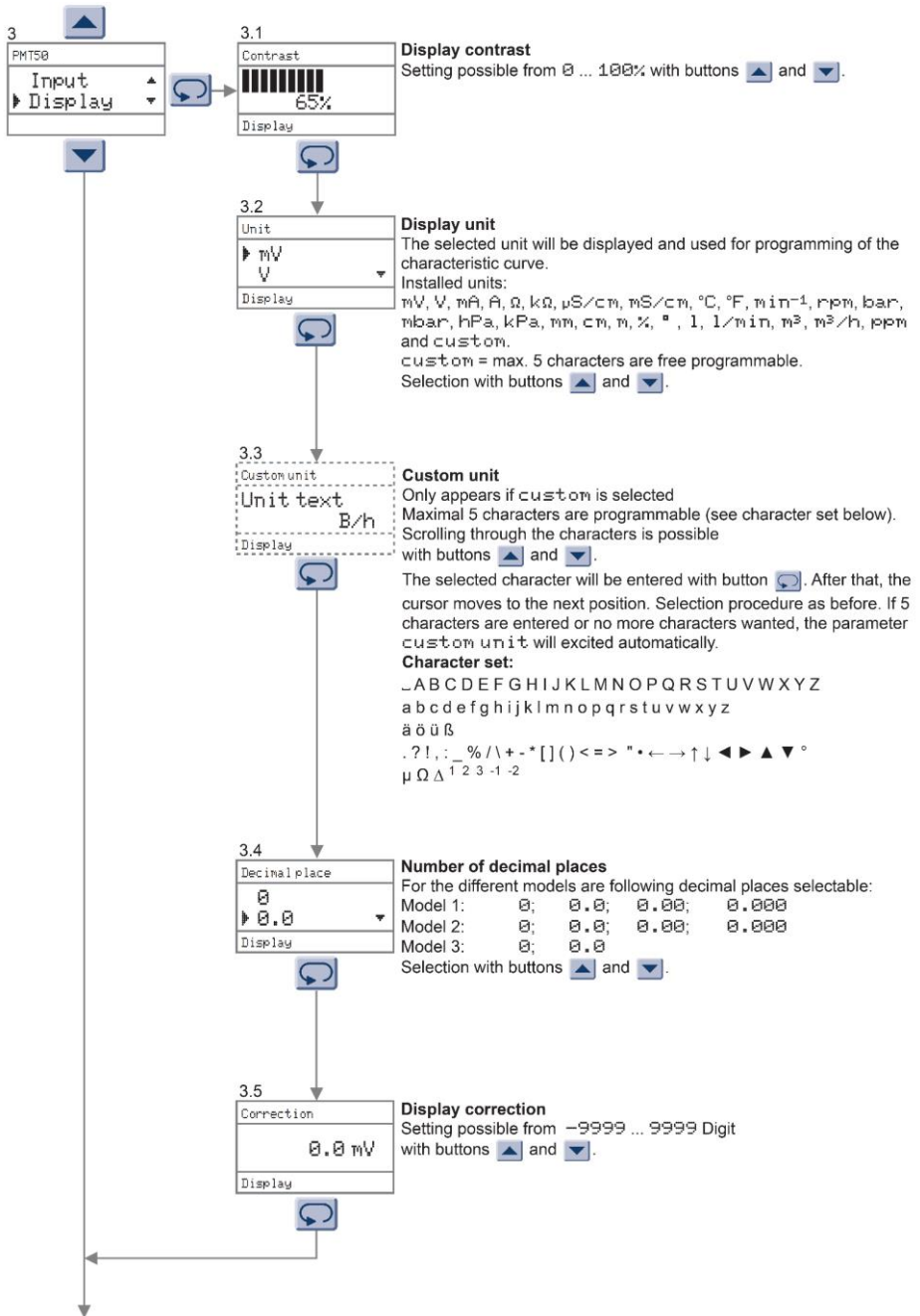
6 Working level



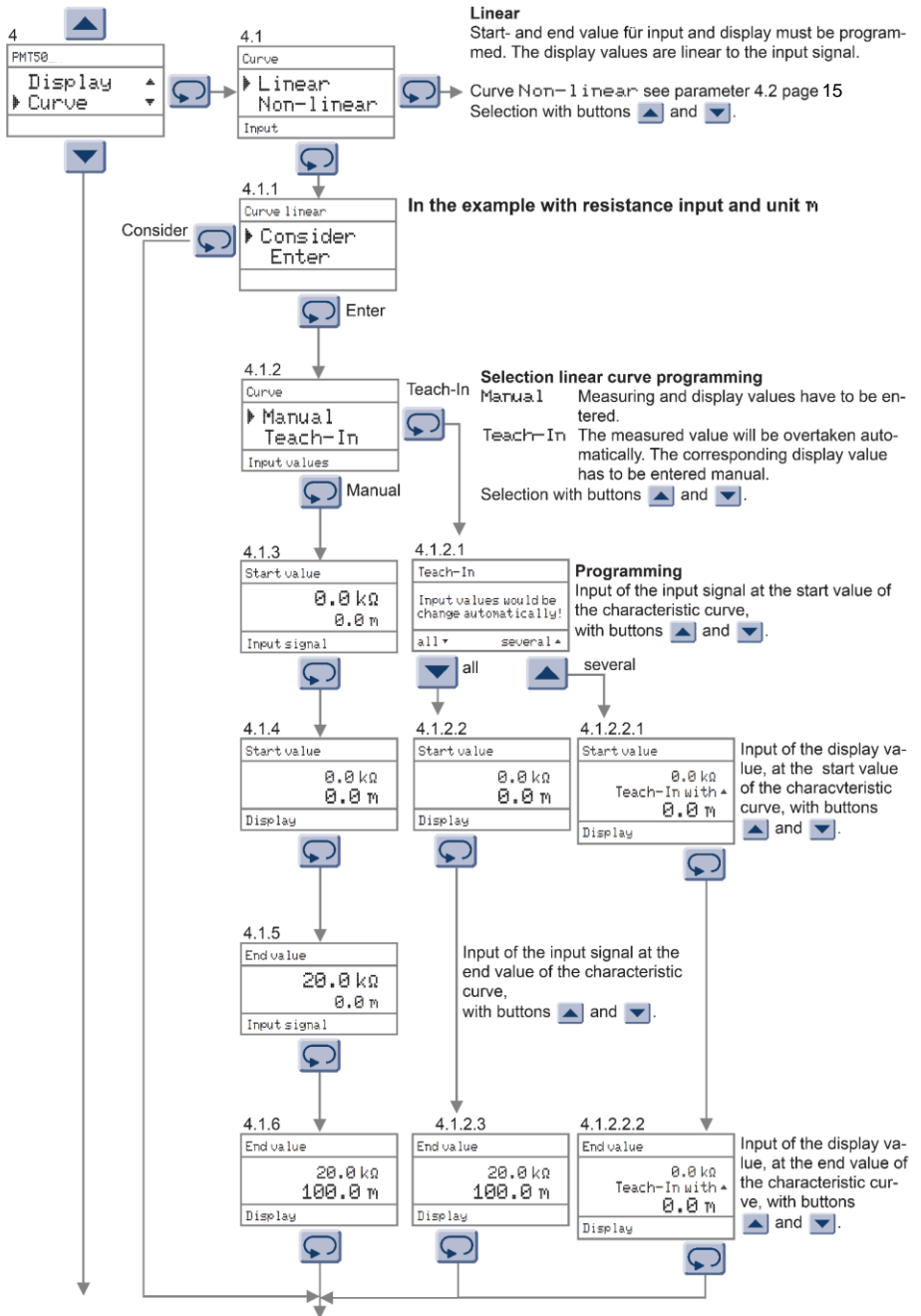
Note: Setpoints for alarm A1...A4 have to be configured in the same way.

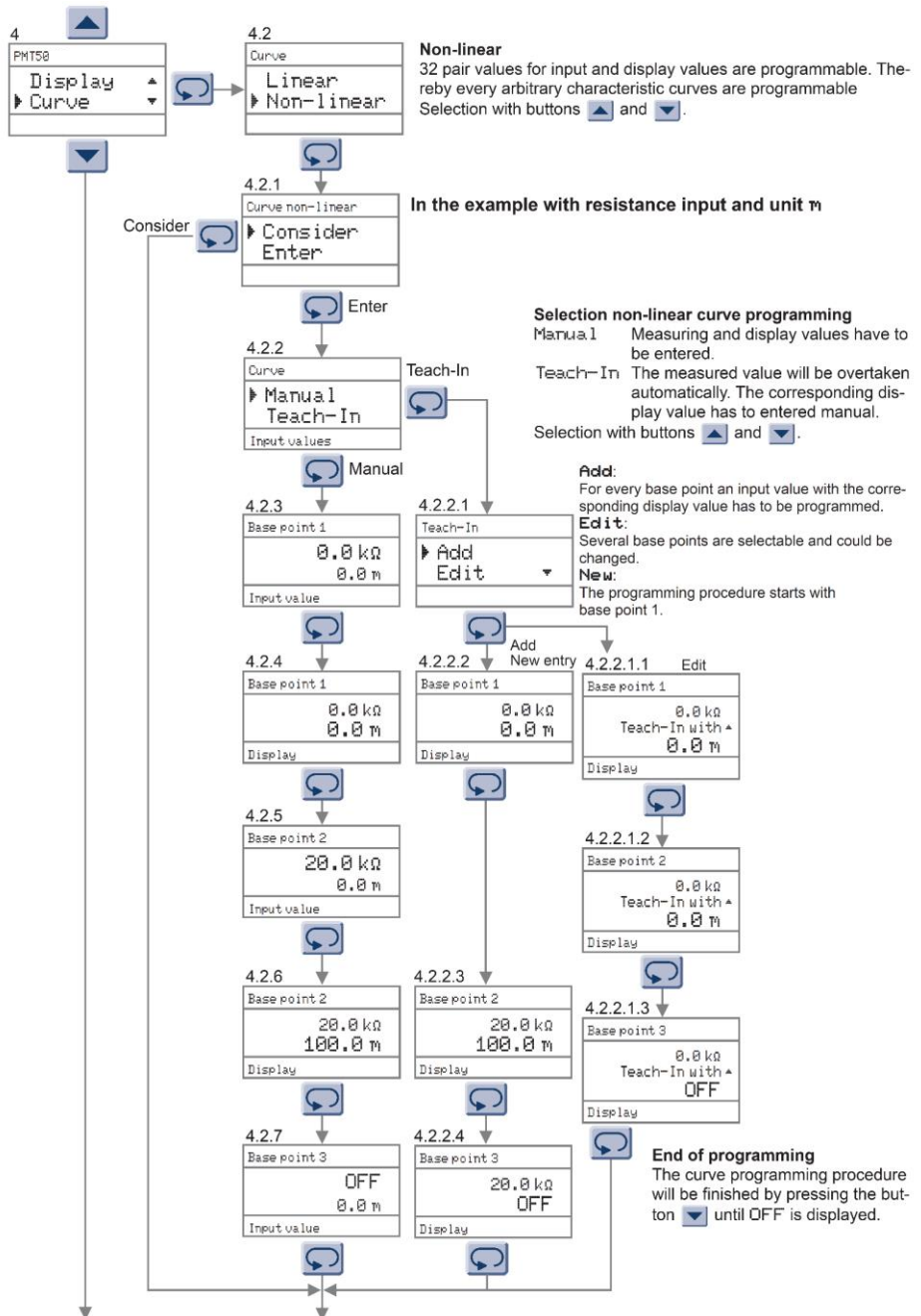
7 Configuration level





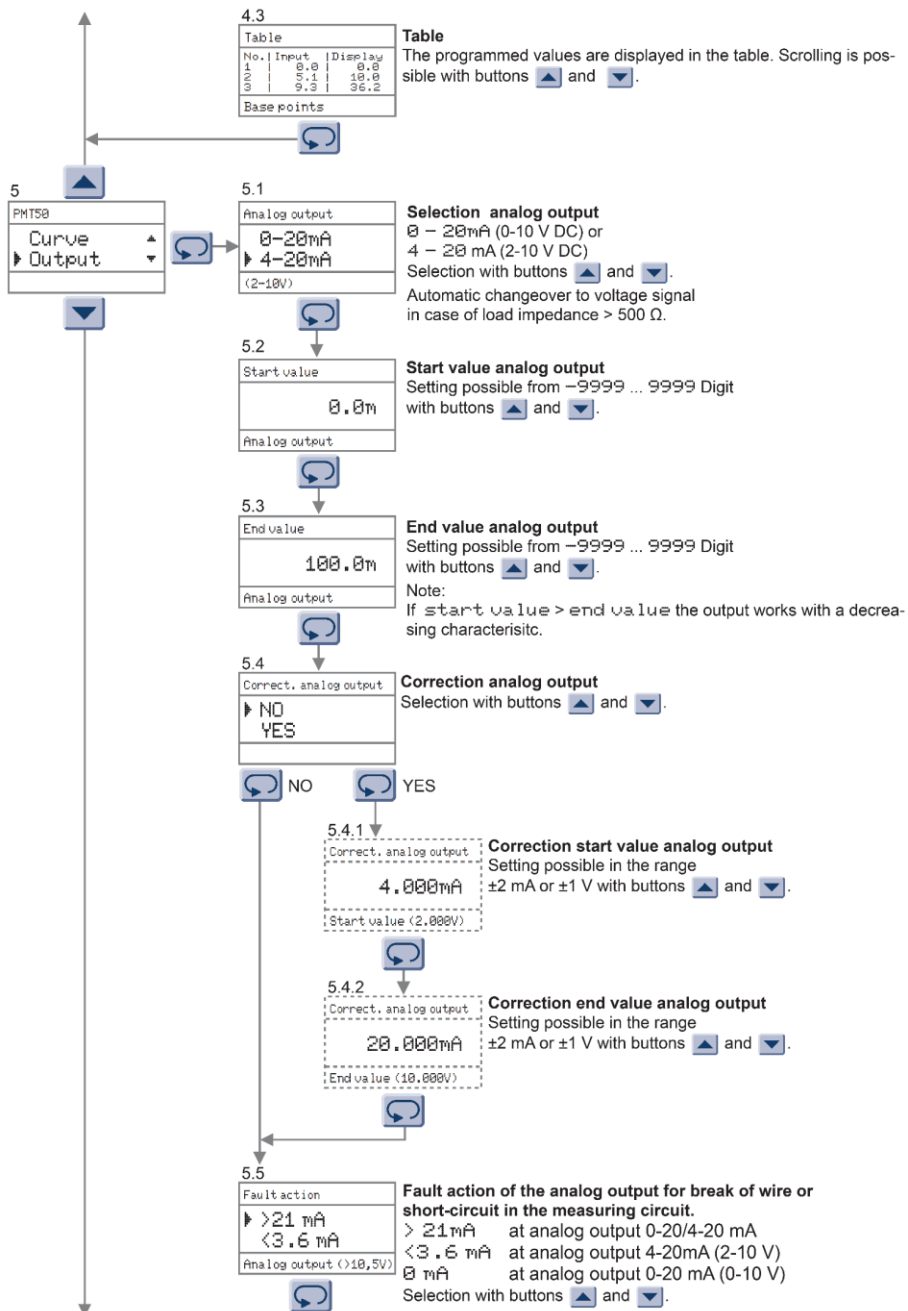
Continue page 14





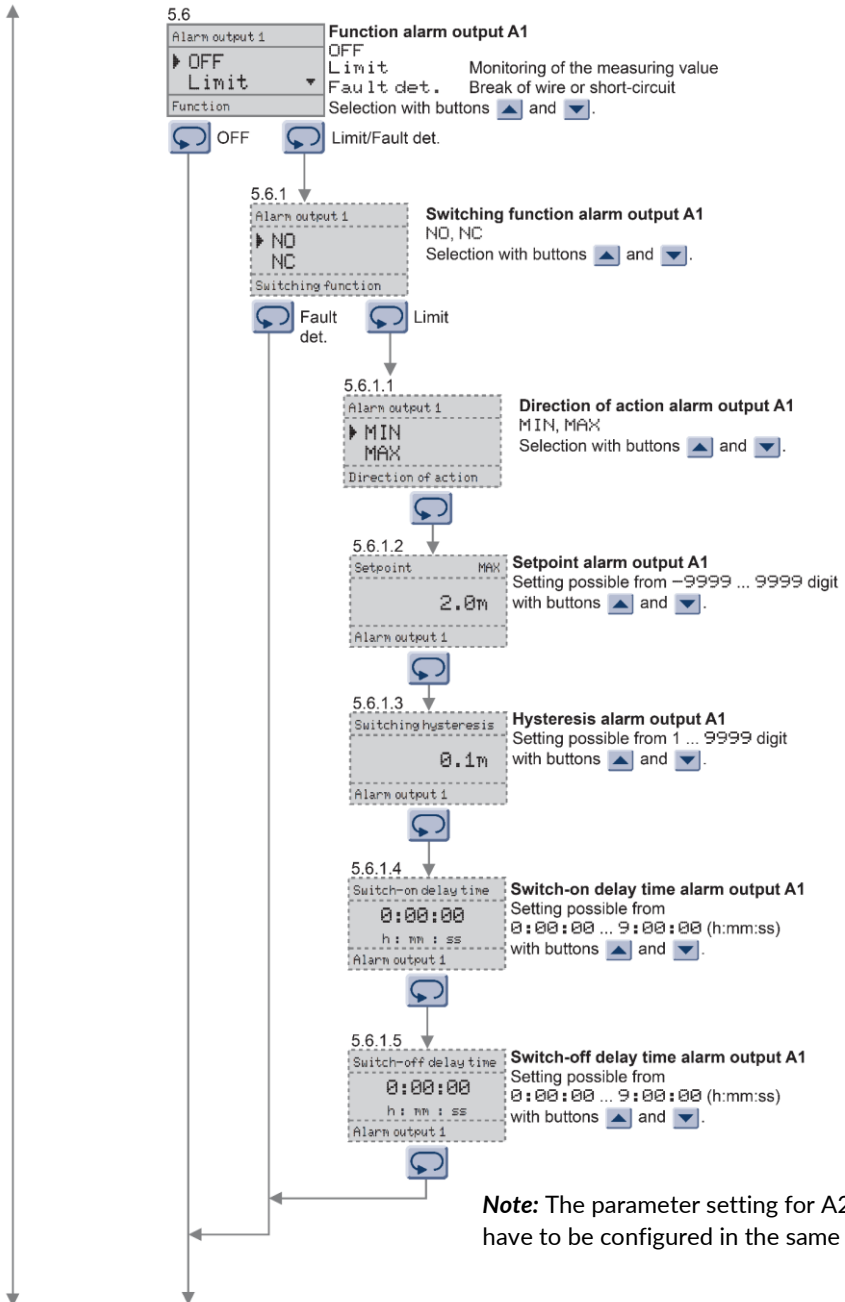
Continue page 17

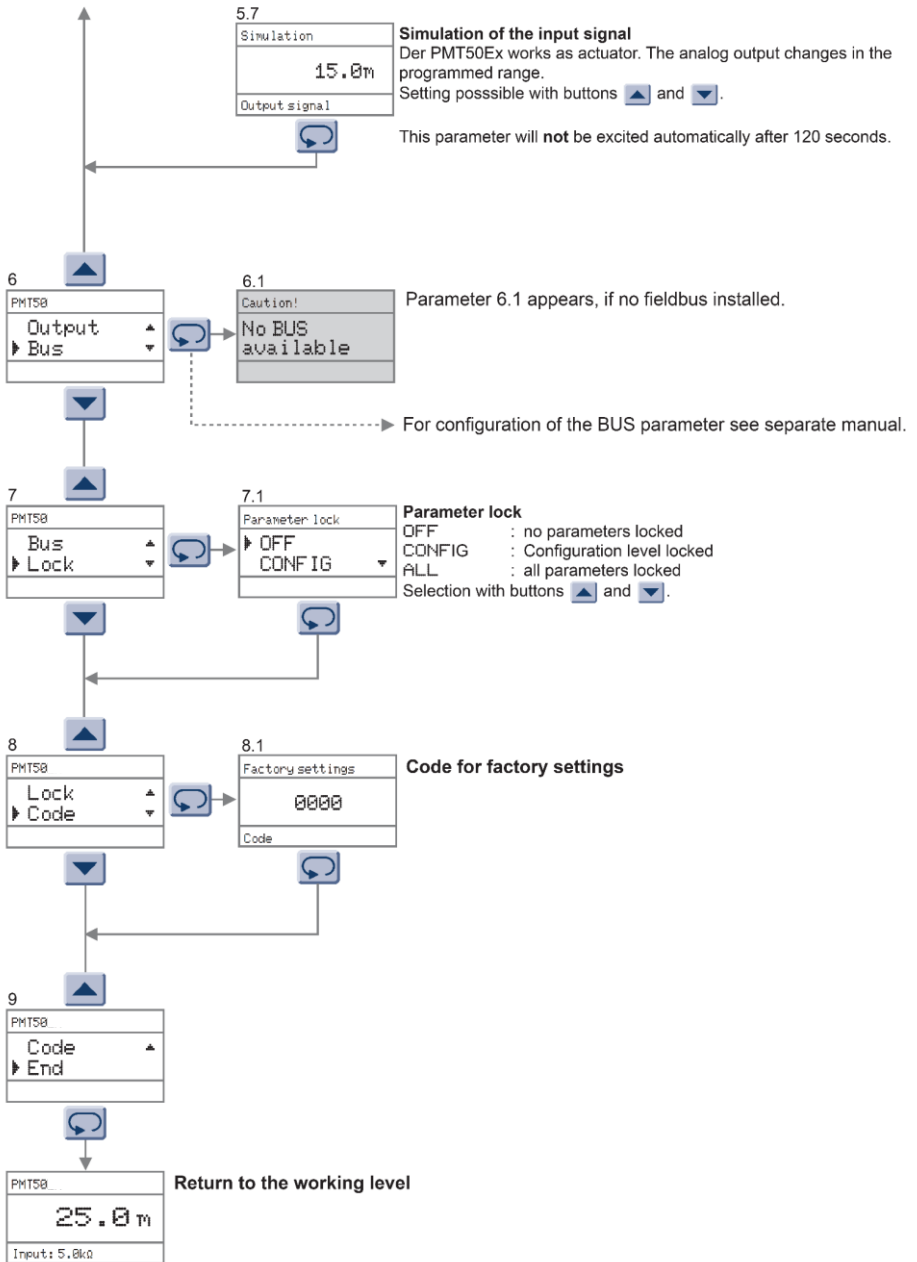
Continue parameter 4.3, page 16



Continue page 18

Continue parameter 5.6, page 17





8 Error reports

Error reports

Description

Caution!
Parameter locked
switched on

Caution!
Undervoltage

Supply voltage to low

Caution!
XX Parameter error
Please check

At the check-up of the parameter memory, XX errors are detected. The incorrect parameter are reset to the factory settings. Please check and correct parameters if necessary.

Caution!
XX Parameter error
Calibration necessary

As before, but the factory settings are incorrect. The device must be checked at works.

Change of decimals?
Some parameters not representable! Adapt parameters automatically?
▲ Yes ▼ No

Change of decimal places

While changing number of decimal places, some parameters can be converted, but however, not represented!

Selection "No" : Change of the decimal places is not carried out.

Selection "Yes" : Decimal places are changed automatically, where the affected parameters are set to the maximum possible value. A subsequent verification of the accepted parameters is absolutely necessary.

Caution!
Input value would be assigned before. Please change input value!

At the base-point programming the input value is assigned to an display value before.

PMT50
Fault input
Input: 999.9kΩ

Break of wire or short-circuit in the measuring circuit.

Text Input: 999.9kΩ is flashing

9 Ordering code

PMT50 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.
 - - - - -

1. Modell/Imput			
1	Standard signals 0/4 ... 20 mA; 0/2 ... 10 V DC		
2	Resistance from 0 ... 100 kΩ, Poti 1 kΩ ... 100 kΩ		
3	Pt100	3-wire	-100,0 ... 600,0 °C/-100 ... 600 °C
	Pt1000	3-wire	-100,0 ... 300,0 °C/-100 ... 300 °C
	Thermocouple	J (Fe-CuNi)	-100,0 ... 800,0 °C/-100 ... 800 °C
		K (NiCr-Ni)	-150 ... 1200 °C
		N (NiCrSi-NiSi)	-150 ... 1200 °C
		S (Pt10Rh-Pt)	-50 ... 1600 °C
2. Analog output			
AO	0/4 ... 20 mA/0/2 ... 10 V DC, isolated		
3. Alarm outputs			
00	not installed		
2R	2 relay outputs A1, A2 SPDT		
3. Alarm outputs			
00	not installed		
2R	2 relay outputs A3, A4 SPDT		
5. Supply voltage			
0	230 V AC	± 10 %	50-60 Hz
1	115 V AC	± 10 %	50-60 Hz
5	24 V DC	± 15 %	
6.Option			
00	without option		

Custom configuration on request!

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